

ACC-OC LEGISLATIVE AND POLICY GUIDELINES 2025-2026 Legislative Cycle

Housing, Homelessness, and Land Use

| SUPPORT | Efforts to preserve, strengthen, and protect local control over land use, planning and zoning, and public right-of-way. |
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| SUPPORT | Increased flexibility for and input on Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) requirements. |
| SUPPORT | Funding for emergency shelters, transitional housing, and permanent supportive housing, including ongoing costs. |
| SUPPORT | Sustainable and reliable funding sources for the production of housing in local communities. |
| SUPPORT | CEQA reform to reduce burdens, hurdles, and costs for housing projects. |
| SUPPORT | Mitigation of the negative effects of implementation of Proposition 1 that includes clarity and maximum flexibility for local agencies to implement programs under this measure, particularly related to homelessness, behavioral health, and sober living homes. |
| SUPPORT | Maintaining local authority over housing and land use decisions throughout the CEQA process. |
| SUPPORT | A partnership with the State that values local government's expertise, input, and priorities as we seek to meet joint goals. |
| OPPOSE | Policies that usurp local control or favor a one-size-fits-all approach. |
| OPPOSE | Policies that disincentivize housing production, including those that increase housing costs or limit housing stock. |

Budgetary and Fiscal Matters

| SUPPORT | Legislation that helps cities address pension liability issues. |
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| SUPPORT | Legislation that protects locally generated revenues or tax revenues allocated to cities. |
| SUPPORT | Efforts to secure a fair share of funding from SB 1 for local transportation projects. |
| SUPPORT | The retention of internet sales tax revenues in the jurisdiction where the purchase was made. |
| OPPOSE | The imposition of binding arbitration over labor issues at the local level. |
| OPPOSE | Any new state or federal mandates without an ongoing funding source for complying with the mandate. |
| OPPOSE | Efforts to balance the state budget using general or special fund revenues traditionally allocated to local agencies. |
| OPPOSE | Legislation that borrows from, redirects, eliminates, or shifts locally generated revenues for other purposes. |



Public Safety

| SUPPORT | Increase funding for law enforcement training costs related to homelessness and mental health. |
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| OPPOSE | Legislation that impacts eligibility for disaster response and recovery assistance. |
| SUPPORT | Public Safety reforms that reduce the impacts of retail theft on local cities, help address the fentanyl crisis, and allow cities to |
| | respond to the impacts of homelessness – understanding and reflecting the impacts on local economic development, local sales tax |
| | revenues, and costs to respond. |

Transportation

| SUPPORT | Investments in infrastructure that leverage other funding sources and reward regions with local revenue-matching abilities. |
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| SUPPORT | CEQA/NEPA streamlining where appropriate and increased local authority over infrastructure projects and funding. |
| SUPPORT | Policies that provide local flexibility in meeting greenhouse gas reduction and other State environmental goals. |
| SUPPORT | The protection of all existing and new transportation funding sources, including locally generated sales taxes, from new conditions on the use or distribution of funds. |
| OPPOSE | Efforts to reduce or eliminate local decision-making over priority setting and project selection for locally generated sales tax revenues for transportation. |
| OPPOSE | Policies that divert or reclassify transportation revenue sources for General Fund or Debt Service use. |
| OPPOSE | The use of CEQA lawsuits for purposes other than for legitimate environmental mitigation. |

Environmental/Utilities

| SUPPORT | Federal legislation to provide long-term storage solutions for nuclear waste. |
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| SUPPORT | Policies that improve water quality, reliability, and affordability across the state by providing incentives, funding, and support for |
| | local water agencies. |
| SUPPORT | Investments in existing and new water infrastructure and the development of new water supplies and storage facilities across the |
| | state. |
| SUPPORT | Regulations and rate structures that both allow utility companies to invest in infrastructure and system maintenance without |
| | creating overly burdensome rate increases for customers. |



AI/Technology

| SUPPORT | Policies that provide reasonable protections for public safety and privacy while allowing technology to develop and thrive. |
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| SUPPORT | Adequate funding for broadband infrastructure to support the future technology needs of the region. |
| SUPPORT | Policies that improve public broadband access and affordability. |
| SUPPORT | Education programs to help the public better understand how to use AI tools safely, understand AI-enabled technologies, and |
| | demonstrate future workforce needs. |
| SUPPORT | Adequate public disclosure when using AI automated systems and augmented critical decision processes. |

Economic Development/Tourism

| SUPPORT | Legislation that would increase Orange County's competitiveness as a tourism destination |
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| SUPPORT | Efforts to promote job growth and economic development in the region. |
| SUPPORT | Economic development programs that consider current workforce trends, including emphasizing training for health care, tourism, |
| | and bio- and high-technology careers. |
| SUPPORT | New business creation and expansion of existing businesses through incentives and programs, including Opportunity Zones, |
| | California Competes Tax Credits, Manufacturing/R&D/Biotech Sales & Use Tax Exemption, and the New Employment Credit. |
| SUPPORT | Policies and practices that enhance Orange County as a globally competitive metropolitan region. |
| SUPPORT | Identification of new and ongoing funding sources for economic and workforce development centered on inclusive growth, support |
| | for small businesses, family-supporting jobs, access to capital, and entrepreneurship. |
| OPPOSE | Measures that increase costs or create new burdens on the tourism industry, which is still struggling to recover from pandemic- |
| | related losses. |

Healthcare

| SUPPORT | Enhanced funding and resources to provide comprehensive support for residents countywide, including veterans, seniors, and at- |
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| | risk populations, ensuring access to quality healthcare, housing, and essential community services. |
| SUPPORT | Support initiatives that promote equitable access to mental health care, affordable housing, and workforce development |
| | programs for vulnerable communities in Orange County. |
| SUPPORT | Advocate for integrated care models combining housing, health care, and support services, including transitional housing and |
| | permanent supportive housing. |

